

A summary of the York Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) in 2025

# **Our City Health Narrative**

# York has a reputation for being a city in good health.

With a growing economy, high skills and a strong community fabric, we have many assets and things which keep people healthy.

However our health outcomes are not as good as you would expect...with declining life expectancy, similar levels of preventable disease as other areas, large health gaps between our richer and poorer communities, and some key areas of health need identified by the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment.



That's why we've set a clear vision in our

Health and Wellbeing Strategy to become a

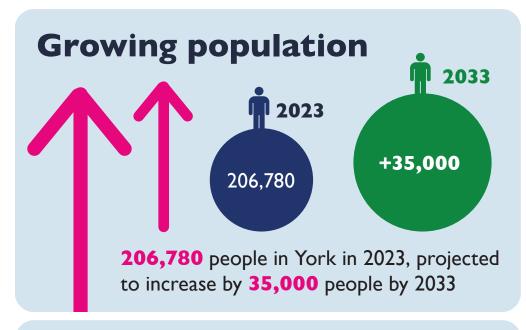
**health generating city**, and to reduce

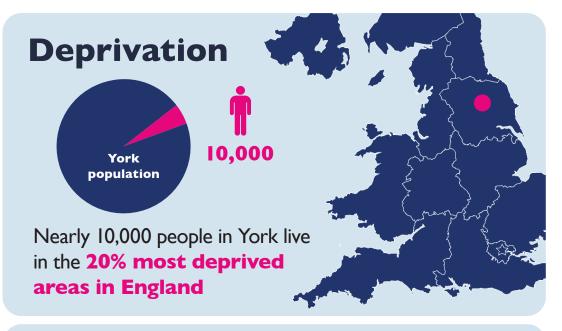
the gap in healthy life expectancy over the

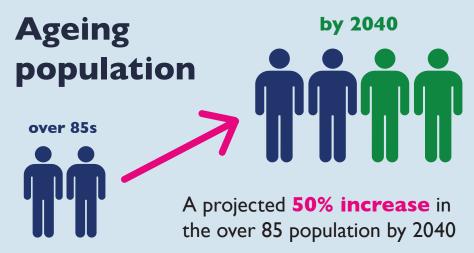


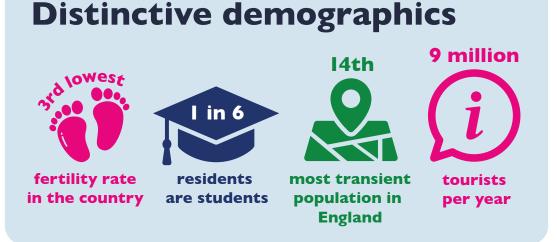
# **Our Demographics**





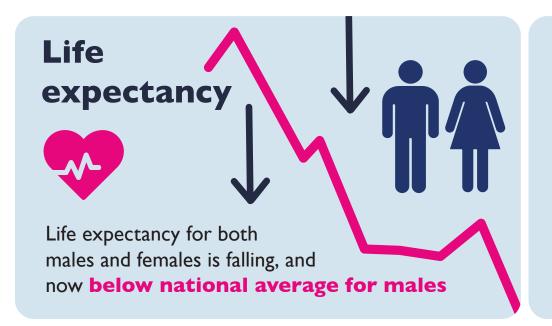






## **Our Inequalities**





## **Gap in life expectancy**



Gap in life expectancy between wards of **over 10 years** for both males and females

## **Healthy life expectancy**



Between 2015-2020 females lost 16 months of healthy life, and males 11 month

#### **Poverty**



More than I in 8 residents live in fuel poverty



# **Our Strengths**







A strong voluntary and community sector with **over 350 charities** 









#### **Education and skills**

York has the most **highly educated** population in the region

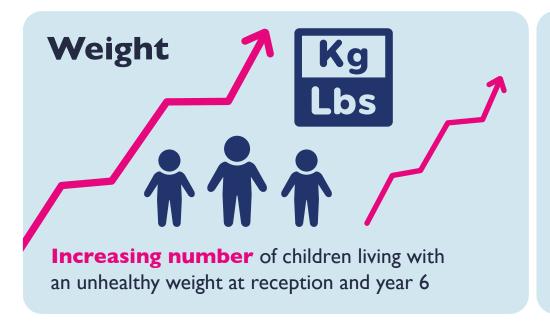
#### **Diversity**

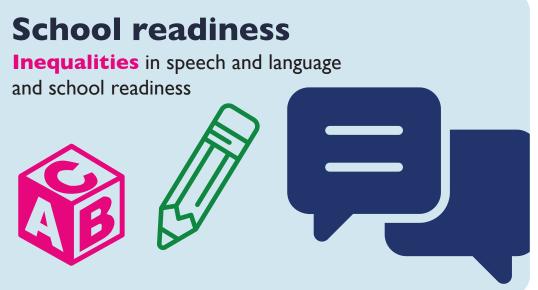
York is an **increasingly diverse** city with more residents from a minoritised ethnic background



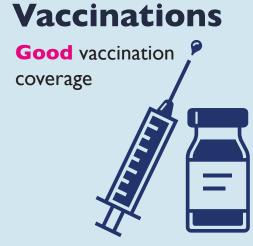
# Our Children (0-11)











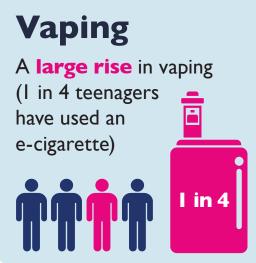


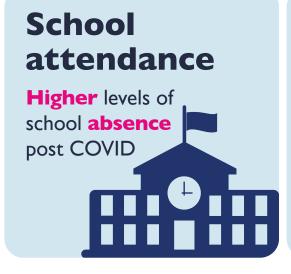
## **Our Young People (11-25)**











mental health **Concerning trends** in emotional and mental health, and generally lower levels of happiness and wellbeing



## Our Working Age Adults (18-64)

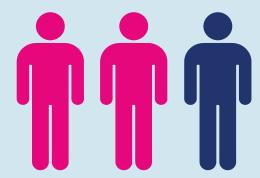


How we move through life

#### Weight

2 in 3 adults overweight or obese





Sedentary lifestyle

20%

are essentially sedentary; 'getting more active' came top in NHS survey

#### **Alcohol**

high consumption, hospital admissions and mortality



#### **Cost of living**

Cost of living pressures affecting health





#### **Medical**

Access to **timely** medical appointments



## Housing affordability



The average house is 9.3x average earnings

# **Our Older People (64+)**





Higher than average levels of

**loneliness** 



## Mental Health

**Demand rising** in older populations





#### **Transport**

Transport issues affecting health



# Climate Change

**Vulnerable** to

the effects of climate change and extreme heat/cold



# Digital exclusion

**25%** of over 65s





## **Cost of living**

Cost of living pressures affecting health





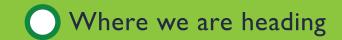
## Falls prevention

**800** falls-related admissions per year

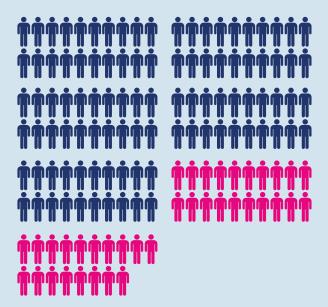




## **Our Future Health**



# Adults with major illness



The proportion of adults with a major illness will grow by

38% by 2040

#### Population growth in York means:

#### **GP** appointments

An extra 60k GP appointments per year

+60k
per year



#### A&E

An additional 52 patients attending A&E each day

+52 per day

#### Social care

Social care demand rising by an extra 600 people per year

+600 per year

#### **Mental Health Services**

An extra 1235 patients per year seeking care in mental health services

+1235
per year



# **Our Population Health Goals**



The ten goals of our Health and Wellbeing Strategy (1-6)

#### I. Life expectancy

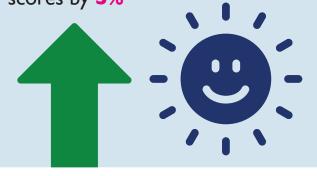
#### Half the gap

in healthy life expectancy between richest and poorest



#### 2. Happiness

**Increase** population happiness scores by **5%** 



## 3. Smoking

Bring smoking rates down below 5%





#### 4. Alcohol

Reduce harmful drinking by 5%



### 5. Weight

**Reverse the rise** in unhealthy weight

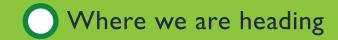


#### 6. Health

**Reduce** inclusion health inequalities



# Our Population Health Goals



The ten goals of our Health and Wellbeing Strategy (7-10)

#### 7. Suicide and self-harm

Reduce suicide and self-harm rate by 20%



#### 8. Exercise

Reduce sedentary behaviour by 5%



#### 9. Loneliness

**Reduce** loneliness from 25% to 20%





### 10. Diagnosis

Improve diagnosis gaps







This document was produced by the Public Health Team in City of York Council using data from the ONS and Fingertips website.

www.york.gov.uk/CouncilPlan

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